UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/518,323	10/04/2005	Hamm-Chan Kang	7332P001	6739	
	8791 7590 03/13/2009 BLAKELY SOKOLOFF TAYLOR & ZAFMAN LLP			EXAMINER	
1279 OAKMEAD PARKWAY			PRANGE, SHARON M		
SUNNY VALE,	ALE, CA 94085-4040		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			3728		
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
			03/13/2009	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	10/518,323	KANG, HAMM-CHAN	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	SHARON M. PRANGE	3728	
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap Period for Reply	ppears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence address	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPUBLICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING IF Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perior. Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statu Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mail earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATIO 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tind will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the, cause the application to become ABANDONI	N. mely filed n the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status			
1) ☐ Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>04</u> 2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☐ Th 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allow closed in accordance with the practice under	is action is non-final. ance except for formal matters, pr		
Disposition of Claims			
4) Claim(s) 1-4 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdress 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-4 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/ Application Papers	awn from consideration. /or election requirement.		
9)☑ The specification is objected to by the Examir 10)☑ The drawing(s) filed on 12/14/05 is/are: a)☐ Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction 11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the E	accepted or b)⊠ objected to by the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Section is required if the drawing(s) is ob	ee 37 CFR 1.85(a). ojected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bure. * See the attached detailed Office action for a list. 	nts have been received. nts have been received in Applicat fority documents have been receiv au (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	tion No ed in this National Stage	
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal I 6) Other:	oate	

Application/Control Number: 10/518,323 Page 2

Art Unit: 3728

DETAILED ACTION

Drawings

1. The drawings are objected to because the drawings are not labeled with Figure numbers. Corrected drawing sheets in compliance with 37 CFR 1.121(d) are required in reply to the Office action to avoid abandonment of the application. Any amended replacement drawing sheet should include all of the figures appearing on the immediate prior version of the sheet, even if only one figure is being amended. The figure or figure number of an amended drawing should not be labeled as "amended." If a drawing figure is to be canceled, the appropriate figure must be removed from the replacement sheet, and where necessary, the remaining figures must be renumbered and appropriate changes made to the brief description of the several views of the drawings for consistency. Additional replacement sheets may be necessary to show the renumbering of the remaining figures. Each drawing sheet submitted after the filing date of an application must be labeled in the top margin as either "Replacement Sheet" or "New Sheet" pursuant to 37 CFR 1.121(d). If the changes are not accepted by the examiner, the applicant will be notified and informed of any required corrective action in the next Office action. The objection to the drawings will not be held in abeyance.

Figure 1 (page 1 of the drawing sheets) should be designated by a legend such as --Prior Art-- because only that which is old is illustrated. See MPEP § 608.02(g). Corrected drawings in compliance with 37 CFR 1.121(d) are required in reply to the Office action to avoid abandonment of the application. The replacement sheet(s) should be labeled "Replacement Sheet" in the page header (as per 37 CFR 1.84(c)) so as not

Application/Control Number: 10/518,323 Page 3

Art Unit: 3728

to obstruct any portion of the drawing figures. If the changes are not accepted by the examiner, the applicant will be notified and informed of any required corrective action in the next Office action. The objection to the drawings will not be held in abeyance.

Specification

2. The disclosure is objected to because of the following informalities: The second paragraph on page four of the specification which begins "The operation of the airbag switch" does not appear to belong in the specification, and should be removed.

Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Objections

3. The claims are objected to because they include reference characters which are not enclosed within parentheses.

Reference characters corresponding to elements recited in the detailed description of the drawings and used in conjunction with the recitation of the same element or group of elements in the claims should be enclosed within parentheses so as to avoid confusion with other numbers or characters which may appear in the claims. See MPEP § 608.01(m).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

4. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 1-4 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claim 1 recites the limitation "the bottom rubber sole" in line 4. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim.

Lines 1-2 of claim 2 recite "the seat hole 22 formed on said bottom rubber sole 20 has a hole whose diameter gradually reduces." As two 'holes' are mentioned, it is unclear whether the seat hole has an additional hole associated with it, or whether it is actually the diameter of the seat hole 22 which is reduced. Further, while multiple seat holes are recited in claim 1, claim 2 only recites one seat hole. It is unclear whether there are multiple seat holes with diameters that reduce from the heel to the front, or whether there is one seat hole with reducing diameter. For purposes of examination, the seat hole will be treated as a single hole with a diameter, and that there are multiple seat holes with diameters that reduce from the heel to the front.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

5. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claim 1 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Miyata (US Patent No. 5,758,435).

Miyata discloses shoes with an insole layer (11), middle sole layer (10), sponge layer (14a), cushion layer (14b), and bottom rubber sole (outsole 9). A plurality of seat holes (weight chambers 6) are formed in the sole, and metal balls (metallic grains 7) are fixed in the seat holes (column 2, lines 23-51; column 3, lines 16-20; Fig. 1). The seat holes may be round-shaped (column 2, lines 45-47; Fig. 4B).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 6. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* **v.** *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

Claims 1 and 2 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Shimizu (Japanese Patent Application No. 10165203) in view of Miyata (US Patent No. 5,758,435).

Shimizu discloses a plurality of seat holes (3) formed in a bottom sole (1) with metal bodies (weight bodies 4) fixed in the seat holes. As shown in Fig. 1, the size of

the seat holes decreases from the heel part of the sole to the front part. Fig. 4 shows that the weight bodies are made to fit closely within the bounds of the seat holes.

Shimizu discloses that the seat holes and weights may be in different shapes and arrangements (Fig. 1, 7), but does not disclose round seat holes or weights in the form of balls.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to have made the seat holes round and the weights balls as this would merely be a change in shape of the holes and weights. A change in form or shape is generally recognized as being within the level of ordinary skill in the art, absent any showing of unexpected results. *In re Dailey et al.*, 149 USPQ 47.

Shimizu further does not disclose a layer of insole, middle sole, and cushion layers.

Miyata teaches providing an insole layer (11), middle sole layer (10), sponge layer (14a), and cushion layer (14b) above a sole in a shoe for comfort and shock absorption.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to have provided insole, middle sole, and cushion layers, as taught by Miyata, to the sole of Shimizu in order to provide added comfort and shock absorption to the wearer.

Claims 3 and 4 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Shimizu and Miyata, as applied to claims 1 and 2 above, further in view of Burke et al. (US Patent No. 7,100,307), herein Burke.

The combination of Shimizu and Miyata does not disclose refraction lines formed at the front of the sole.

Burke teaches the inclusion of grooves formed in the width direction at the front of the sole of a shoe in order to allow improved flexion of the foot within the shoe (column 6, lines 1-7, 41-67; Fig. 1).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to have provided grooves, as taught by Burke, at the front end of the sole of the combination of Shimizu and Miyata in order to improve the flexion of the foot within the shoe.

Conclusion

7. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to SHARON M. PRANGE whose telephone number is (571)270-5280. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 7:30-5.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Mickey Yu can be reached on (571) 272-4562. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Application/Control Number: 10/518,323 Page 8

Art Unit: 3728

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/S. M. P./ Examiner, Art Unit 3728 3/11/09

/JILA M MOHANDESI/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 3728